The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2024

For the year ended December 31, 2024

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The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Dawson and all the information in this annual report are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Mayor and Clerk-Treasurer on behalf of Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Public Sector Accounting Principles. Consolidated financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances, in order to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The Township maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and the Township's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The Township Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements.

The Council reviews the Township's consolidated financial statements and meets periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the annual report, the consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by MNP LLP in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards on behalf of the members. MNP LLP have full and free access to the Council.

Mayor
•
Clerk-Treasurer



To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Township of Dawson:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Dawson, which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2024, and the Consolidated Statement of Operations, the Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Losses, the Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Debt and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position as at December 31, 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on April 18, 2024 for the reasons described in the Basis for Opinion paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



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Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Fort Frances, Ontario

April 1, 2025 Licensed Public Accountants



Chartered Professional Accountants

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2024	2023
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1)	\$ 988,408	\$ 1,638,540
Taxes receivable	80,252	67,332
Accounts receivable	349,003	189,564
Investments (Note 2)	3,243	3,100
Loans receivable (Note 3)	175,048	158,228
	1,595,954	2,056,764
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	38,128	55,343
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	275,750	498,214
Long-term debt (Note 5)	175,048	158,228
Asset retirement obligation - landfill (Note 6)	2,409,165	2,338,995
	2,898,091	3,050,780
Net debt	(1,302,137)	(994,016)
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)	4,489,755	3,878,862
Prepaid expenses	15,954	15,259
Inventory of supplies	51,407	136,716
	4,557,116	4,030,837
Accumulated surplus	3,254,979	3,036,821
Accumulated surplus is comprised of:		
Accumulated operating surplus (Note 8)	3,255,008	3,036,993
Accumulated remeasurement losses	(29)	(172)
	\$ 3,254,979	\$ 3,036,821

Commitments (Note 16)	
	Mayor
	Clerk-Treasurer

Contingent liability (Note 14)

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Statement of Operations

	Budget									
For the year ended December 31		2024 2024		2024 2024		.024 2024 202		2024 2024		2023
Revenue										
Taxation	\$	675,247	\$	686,327	\$	658,004				
Government transfers - Federal (Note 11)		73,800		48,541		7,861				
Government transfers - Provincial (Note 10)		1,012,700		940,353		582,906				
User fees and service charges		13,016		13,121		10,975				
Permits, licenses and fines		19,547		25,256		36,215				
Investment income		46,012		68,977		48,164				
Municipal grants		21,500		29,925		36,346				
Other income (Note 9)		263,663		33,352		121,165				
		2,125,485		1,845,852		1,501,636				
Expenses										
General government		185,067		136,203		137,753				
Protection services		170,349		177,661		171,632				
Transportation services		684,405		739,544		624,150				
Environmental services		159,384		114,523		111,772				
Health services		140,512		143,956		136,893				
Social and family services		13,167		13,167	9,316					
Social housing		89,718		89,718		79,582				
Recreation and cultural services		21,517		23,270		21,168				
Planning and development		449,542		189,795		215,890				
	_	1,913,661		1,627,837		1,508,156				
Annual surplus (deficit)		211,824		218,015		(6,520)				
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		3,036,993		3,036,993		3,043,513				
Accumulated operating surplus, end of year	\$	3,248,817	\$	3,255,008	\$	3,036,993				

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Losses

For the year ended December 31	2024	2023
Accumulated remeasurements losses, beginning of year	\$ (172) \$	-
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to:		
Portfolio investments	 143	(172)
Accumulated remeasurements losses, end of year	\$ (29) \$	(172)

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt

For the year ended December 31	Budget 2024 2024			2023	
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	211,824	\$	218,015 \$	(6,520)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets		(369,464) 249,877		(885,284) 274,391	(68,451) 258,851
		92,237		(392,878)	183,880
Use (acquisition) of prepaid expenses and inventory of supplies		-		84,614	(84,511)
Net change in net debt excluding net remeasurement losses		92,237		(308,264)	99,369
Net remeasurement losses Portfolio investments		-		143	(172)
Net change in net debt including net remeasurement losses		92,237		(308,121)	99,197
Net debt, beginning of year	_	(994,016)		(994,016)	(1,093,213)
Net debt, end of year	\$	(901,779)	\$	(1,302,137) \$	(994,016)

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2024	2023
Operating transactions Annual surplus (deficit) Remeasurement loss	\$	218,015 \$ 143	(6,520) (172)
Item not involving cash Amortization		274,391	258,851
Changes in non-cash operating balances Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and inventory of supplies Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Solid waste closure and post-closure liabilities	_	(12,920) (159,439) 84,614 (17,215) (222,464) 70,170	(2,059) 141,991 (84,511) (10,378) 151,162 68,126
Capital transactions Acquisition of tangible capital assets	_	(885,284)	(68,451)
Investing transactions Disposal (acquisition) of investments Advance of loan receivable	_	(143) (34,500) (34,643)	172 (50,000) (49,828)
Financing transactions	_		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		34,500	50,000
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(650,132)	448,211
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	1,638,540	1,190,329
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	988,408 \$	1,638,540
Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	988,408 \$	1,638,540

December 31, 2024

Management's
Responsibility for the
Consolidated
Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Dawson are the representations of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures of all the municipal Organizations, committees, and boards which are owned or controlled by Council.

The Municipality has a government partnership in place. The partnership is accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis whereby the Municipality's pro-rata share of each of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures are combined on a line by line basis in the consolidated financial statements. The Municipality has a 33.33% ownership in the government partnership. The government partnership that has been consolidated is:

Rainy River Health Care Committee

The following boards are not consolidated:

Northwestern Health Unit District of Rainy River Services Board

Government business enterprises are separate legal entities which do not rely on the Municipality for funding. Investments in government business enterprises are accounted for using the modified equity method. No government business enterprises are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. As taxes recorded are initially based on management's best estimate of the taxes that will be received, it is possible that changes in future conditions, such as reassessments due to audits, appeals and court decisions, could result in a change in the amount of tax revenue recognized. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectible amounts. Taxation revenue is initially recognized based on management's best estimate of the taxes that will be received. However, the total of tax revenue recognized may change due to future reassessments such as audits, appeals and court decisions.

User fees and other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

December 31, 2024

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The policy of the Municipality is to disclose bank balances under cash and cash equivalents including bank overdrafts and lines of credit with balances that fluctuate frequently from being positive to being overdrawn and temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Basis of Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

The consolidated statement of financial position reflects all of the financial assets and liabilities of the Municipality. Financial assets are those assets which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year. Accumulated surplus represents the financial position of the Municipality, and is the difference between its assets and liabilities. This provides information about the Municipality's overall future revenue requirements and its ability to finance activities and meet its obligations.

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of the donation, with a corresponding amount recorded as revenue. Amortization is recorded at one half of the annual rate in the year of capitalization. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is available for productive use as follows:

Buildings	20 to 50 years
Roads	10 to 80 years
Machinery and equipment	10 to 20 years
Vehicles	10 to 20 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Computer hardware and software	5 to 10 years

December 31, 2024

Deferred Revenue

Funds received for specific purposes which are externally restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and are not available for general municipal purposes are accounted for as deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position. The revenue is recognized on the consolidated statement of operations in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

Government Transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized on the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfers occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

School Boards

The Municipality collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards. The taxation, other revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

Trust Fund

Funds held in trust by the Municipality, and their related operations, are not included on these consolidated financial statements. The financial activity and position of the Trust Fund are reported separately on the Trust Fund statement of continuity and balance sheet.

Long-term Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are initially valued at cost. Loans are carried at the unpaid principal less allowance for doubtful loans. Allowances are recognized when events or circumstances result in the expectation of a loss. Interest revenue is recognized when earned using the accrual basis of accounting.

Asset Retirement Obligations

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized when there is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset; the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred; it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The liability is recorded at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to retire a tangible capital asset at the financial This liability is subsequently reviewed at each statement date. financial reporting date and adjusted for the passage of time and for any revisions to the timing, amount required to settle the obligation or the discount rate. Upon the initial measurement of an asset retirement obligation, a corresponding asset retirement cost is added to the carrying value of the related tangible capital asset if it is still in productive use. This cost is amortized over the useful life of the tangible capital asset. If the related tangible capital asset is unrecognized or no longer in productive use, the asset retirement costs are expensed.

December 31, 2024

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

The estimates used in preparation of these consolidated financial statements are the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, the useful lives of the landfill sites, the post-closure costs of the landfills and taxation revenue.

Financial Instruments

Cash and equity instruments quoted in an active market are measured at fair value. Accounts receivable, accounts payable, and long-term debt are measured at cost or amortized cost. The carrying amount of each of these financial instruments is presented on the statement of financial position.

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Upon settlement, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations.

When investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are externally restricted, the investment income and fair value changes are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose specified.

For financial instruments measured using amortized cost, the effective interest rate method is used to determine interest revenue or expense.

All financial assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs are added to the carrying value for financial instruments measured using cost or amortized cost. Transaction costs are expensed for financial instruments measured at fair value.

December 31, 2024

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The balance of cash reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:

	 2024	2023
Unrestricted Restricted by Council resolution Restricted by funding agreement	\$ 47,421 665,237 275,750	\$ 27,113 1,327,465 283,962
	\$ 988,408	\$ 1,638,540

Certain surplus funds are set aside by by-laws or Council resolution for specific purposes and referred to as reserve funds. Cash and cash equivalents restricted by Council resolution represent assets that are maintained in respect of those reserve funds (Note 8).

2.	Investments		
		 2024	2023
	Bonds	\$ 3,243	\$ 3,100

The income (loss) from investments for the year was \$143 (2023 - \$(172)). The market value of the Municipality's investment in bonds was \$3,243 (2023 - \$3,100).

December 31, 2024

3. Loans Receivable

The Municipality advanced funds to landowners under the Ontario Tile Loan Program. The Municipality has received a corresponding loan from the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (Note 6).

		2024	2023
Due from landowners with interest at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest,			
maturing August 1, 2028. Due from landowners with interest at 6.0%, repayable	\$	23,540 \$	28,616
in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest,			
maturing October 1, 2029.		28,616	33,405
Due from landowners with interest at 6.0%, repayable			
in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest, maturing January 1, 2033.		42,186	46,207
Due from landowners with interest at 6.0%, repayable			
in annual instalments of \$5,965 principal and interest, maturing July 1, 2033.		46,206	50,000
Due from landowners with interest at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$4,687 principal and interest,		,	•
maturing July 1, 2034.		34,500	-
	_		.=
Total loans receivable	\$	175,048 \$	158,228

4. Deferred Revenue

			Externally restricted		
	Opening	Contributio	investment	Revenue	Ending
	balance	ns received	income	recognized	balance
Canada Community Building Fund	267,391	25,552	13,909	(48,541)	258,311
Infrastructure programs	214,252	159,597	-	(373,849)	-
Parks	16,571	<u> </u>	868		17,439
1	498,214	185,149	14,777	(422,390)	275,750

Canada Community Building Fund

The Ministry requires the Municipality to put unspent CCBF funding into a reserve. The funding and interest earned in the reserve must be spent on approved projects.

Infrastructure Programs

These programs relate to various capital grants that are required to be spent on infrastructure. Until the funding has been spent on infrastructure it has not been earned and therefore, has been deferred.

<u>Parks</u>

The Municipality charges a fee to sever land. The Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing requires this revenue to be put into a reserve and spending is restricted to park maintenance and capital.

December 31, 2024

5. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is comprised of the following:

	 2024	2023
Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, interest at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest, maturing August 1, 2028. Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, interest	\$ 23,540 \$	28,616
at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest, maturing October 1, 2029. Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, interest	28,616	33,405
at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest, maturing January 1, 2033. Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, interest	42,186	46,207
at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$6,793 principal and interest, maturing July 1, 2033. Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, interest	46,206	50,000
at 6.0%, repayable in annual instalments of \$4,687 principal and interest, maturing July 1, 2034.	 34,500	
	\$ 175,048 \$	158,228

The above loans were advanced to the Municipality under the Ontario Tile Loan Program. The Municipality has advanced a corresponding amount to landowners (Note 4).

Principal repayments relating to long-term debt of \$175,048 outstanding are due as follows:

Year	Princial Re	epayments
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$	21,358 22,640 23,998 25,438 20,171 61,443
	\$	175,048

The gross interest paid relating to the above long-term debt was \$9,494 (2023 - \$7,280).

December 31, 2024

6. Asset Retirement Obligations

The Municipality's financial statements include an asset retirement obligation for the Blue Landfill and the Worthington Landfill. The related asset retirement costs are being amortized on a straight line basis.

The liability for the Blue Landfill has been estimated using a net present value technique with a discount rate of 3% (2023 - 3%). The estimated total undiscounted future expenditures are \$195,000 (2023 - \$195,000), which are to be incurred over 25 years. The liability is expected to be settled in 155 years.

The liability for the Worthington Landfill has been estimated using a net present value technique with a discount rate of 3% (2023 - 3%). The estimated total undiscounted future expenditures are \$342,672 (2023 - \$342,672), which are to be incurred over 23 years. The liability is expected to be settled in 113 years.

The carrying amount of the liabilities are as follows:

	Blue	Worthington	Total
Asset retirement obligation as at December 31, 2023	\$ 880,508	\$ 1,458,487	\$ 2,338,995
Increase due to accretion expense	 26,415	43,755	70,170
Asset retirement obligation as at December 31, 2024	\$ 906,923	\$ 1,502,242	\$ 2,409,165

December 31, 2024

7. Tangible Capital Assets								2024
	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Roads and bridges	Vater and other utility systems	Vehicles	Culverts	Total
Cost, beginning of year	\$ 591,141	\$ 670,223	\$1,360,664	\$ 3,740,013	\$ 34,071 \$	532,581	\$ 1,559,769	\$ 8,488,462
Additions	-	78,188	19,293	390,735	-	397,068	-	885,284
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cost, end of year	591,141	748,411	1,379,957	4,130,748	34,071	929,649	1,559,769	9,373,746
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year	177,733	305,259	564,402	2,339,852	16,766	454,762	750,826	4,609,600
Amortization	3,826	12,145	57,220	132,347	1,160	30,254	37,439	274,391
Disposals	 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accumulated amortization, end of year	 181,559	317,404	621,622	2,472,199	17,926	485,016	788,265	4,883,991
Net carrying amount, end of year	\$ 409,582	\$ 431,007	\$ 758,335	\$ 1,658,549	\$ 16,145 \$	444,633	\$ 771,504	\$ 4,489,755

December 31, 2024

7. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

20	23

										ZUZJ
		Land	Buildings	Equipmen	Roads and t bridges	٧	Vater and other utility systems	Vehicles	Culverts	Total
Cost, beginning of year	\$	591,141	\$ 670,223	\$ 1,355,742	\$ 3,681,205	\$	34,071	\$ 532,581	\$ 1,555,048	\$8,420,011
Additions		-	-	4,922	58,808		-	-	4,721	68,451
Cost, end of year	_	591,141	670,223	1,360,664	3,740,013		34,071	532,581	1,559,769	8,488,462
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year		173,907	293,471	507,940	2,215,438		15,606	431,534	712,853	4,350,749
Amortization		3,826	11,788	56,462	124,414		1,160	23,228	37,973	258,851
Disposals		-	-	<u>-</u>	-		-	-	-	
Accumulated amortization, end of year		177,733	305,259	564,402	2,339,852		16,766	454,762	750,826	4,609,600
Net carrying amount, end of year	\$	413,408	\$ 364,964	\$ 796,262	\$ 1,400,161	\$	17,305	\$ 77,819	\$ 808,943	\$3,878,862

December 31, 2024

8. Accumulated Surplus

The Municipality segregates its accumulated surplus in the following categories:

	2024	2023
Investment in tangible capital assets		
Tangible capital assets	\$ 4,489,755 \$	3,878,862
Current operations		
General operating Government partnership	576,798 11,589	586,991 15,340
Total operating surplus	588,387	602,331
Other allocated deficits		
Asset retirement obligation - landfill	(2,409,165)	(2,338,995)
Reserve funds		
Replacement of equipment Landfill closures	419,721 59,310	731,435 56,360
Total reserve funds	479,031	787,795
Working capital reserve	107,000	107,000
Total surplus	\$ 3,255,008 \$	3,036,993

The investment in tangible capital assets represents amounts already spent and invested in infrastructure and other non-financial assets.

Reserve funds represent funds set aside by by-law or Council resolution for specific purposes.

December 31,	2024	
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9.	Other Income			
			2024	2023
	Commuted payments (drainage charges) Donations and fundraising	\$	33,089 263	\$ 120,912 253
		\$	33,352	\$ 121,165
10.	Government Transfers - Provincial			
			2024	2023
	Operating			
	Ontario Municipal Partnership Fund	\$	472,400	\$ 480,800
	Ministry of Rural Affairs - Drainage Program		14,479	31,634
	Public Library Operating Grant		1,644	1,644
	Ministry of Agriculture - Livestock Grants Court Cost Grant		6,401	8,964
	Court Cost Grant		1,093	1,056
	Total operating transfers		496,017	524,098
	Tangible capital assets Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund		312,024	-
	Ministry of Rural Affairs - Capacity Funding		-	-
	Northern Ontario Heritage Fund Corporation		70,487	-
	Northern Ontario Resource Development Support		61,825	58,808
	Total tangible capital assets	_	444,336	58,808
	Total provincial transfers	\$	940,353	\$ 582,906
11.	Government Transfers - Federal			
			2024	2023
	Operating		40 = 41	
	Canada Community Building Fund	\$	48,541	\$ -
	Tangible capital assets			
	Canada Community Building Fund		-	7,861
	Total federal transfers	\$	48,541	\$ 7,861

December 31, 2024

12. Government Partnership

On July 11, 2011, the Municipality entered into an agreement with three other communities to jointly construct and maintain housing for locum physicians and medical students. All revenues and costs related to the development and operations will be shared based on each community's financial contribution to the project. Upon entering into the agreement, each community made a \$25,000 refundable contribution leaving each community with a 25% proportional interest.

In September 2015, one of the member communities withdrew from the partnership and was refunded their original \$25,000 member contribution. For each of the remaining three member communities, the exit of this partner resulted in an increase in their proportionate interest of the partnership to 33.33%.

	2024	2023
	Municipality Total Portion Tot	Municipality al Portion
Financial assets Financial liabilities	\$ 35,147 \$ 11,716 \$ 56,56 75,380 25,127 85,54	
Net financial debt Non-financial assets	(40,233) (13,411) (28,98 381,479 127,160 387,44	, , , ,
Accumulated surplus	\$ 341,246 \$ 113,749 \$ 358,46	7 \$ 119,489
	2024	2023
	Municipality Total Portion Total	Municipality al Portion
Revenue Expenses	\$ 16,221 \$ 5,407 \$ 16,39 33,442 11,147 28,82	. ,
Annual debt Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	(17,221) (5,740) (12,43 358,467 119,489 370,90	, , , ,
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 341,246 \$ 113,749 \$ 358,46	7 \$ 119,489

December 31, 2024

13. Expenses by Object

	 2024	2023	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits Materials Contracted services Rent and financial expenses Contributions to other Organizations Amortization Interest on long-term debt	\$ 395,013 263,942 304,599 144,303 236,095 274,391 9,494	\$	388,550 155,999 353,588 127,698 216,190 258,851 7,280
	\$ 1,627,837	\$	1,508,156

14. Contingent Liability

The Municipality was formerly a member of a reciprocal insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act. In the event that a claim is experienced relating to the period that the Municipality was a member of the company, they may be required to pay additional premiums or losses related to the event. Should any premium demands or losses occur, such losses will be recognized in the year of resolution or settlement of the claim.

The reciprocal insurance company is in runoff with an expected wind-up date subsequent to December 31, 2025. If a surplus exists in the Company at the time of wind-up, it will be returned to the former members. Should any surplus be returned to the Municipality, it will be recognized in the year it is received.

15. Pension Agreement

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement System (OMERS), a multi-employer plan, on behalf of two members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employees and employers contribute jointly to the plan.

Because OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of the Ontario municipal Organizations and their employees. As a result, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. The amount contributed to OMERS for 2024 was \$22,066 (2023 - \$22,243) for current service. The OMERS Board rate was 9.0% to 14.6% depending on income level for 2024 (2023 - 9.0% to 14.6% depending on income level).

December 31, 2024

16. Commitments

Locum Housing

The Municipality has entered into an agreement with two other organizations to construct housing for locum doctors in the Town of Rainy River. In the event that insufficient grants, contributions, donations or fundraising proceeds are available to cover the costs of the construction and furnishings of the housing, the parties to the agreement have agreed to provide the necessary funds to complete the project by way of repayable loans, bearing interest at prime up to the maximum set by the committee.

17. Operations of School Boards

During the year, the following taxation revenue was raised and remitted:

		2024	2023
School boards	\$ S	114,002	\$ 114,614

18. Trust Fund

The Trust Fund administered by the Municipality amounting to \$31,150 (2023 - \$30,080) has not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor has the operation been included in the consolidated statement of operations.

19. Contributions to Unconsolidated Boards

The following contributions were made by the Municipality to these boards:

	 2024	2023
Northwestern Health Unit District of Rainy River Services Board	\$ 23,385 204,918	\$ 21,631 191,766
	\$ 228,303	\$ 213,397

December 31, 2024

20. Financial Instrument Risk Management

The Municipality is exposed to credit risk and liquidity risk from its financial instruments. This note describes the Municipality's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further qualitative and quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented below and throughout these financial statements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Municipality is exposed to credit risk through taxes receivable.

At year end, the amounts outstanding for the Municipality's financial assets exposed to credit risk are as follows:

Taxes receivable	2024	2023
Current 1 year past due 2 years past due 3 years past due	61,997 11,550 2,501 4,204	47,246 11,624 7,127 1,335
Total	80,252	67,332

The Municipality manages its credit risk by implementing the tax sale policies legislated by the Ontario Municipal Act.

December 31, 2024

21. Segmented Information

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens. The management of the Municipality considers decisions based on separate service areas. These service areas are: general government, protection services, transportation services, environmental services, health services, social and family services, social housing, recreation and cultural services and planning and development.

Descriptions of the services and funds that management bases their decisions on are as follows:

General Government

General government consists of governance, Corporate management and program support. These categories relate to operations of all of the various programs and services that the Municipality offers to its citizens.

Protection Services

Protection is comprised of police service and fire protection. Police service is contracted out to the Ontario Provincial Police. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression service, fire prevention programs, training and education related to prevention, detection or extinguishment of fires. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers.

Transportation Services

The transportation services area provides construction and maintenance of roadways throughout the Municipality.

Environmental Services

Environmental services consists of maintenance of the two waste disposal facilities located within the municipal borders.

Health Services

Health services are comprised of public health services and ambulance service. The Municipality contributes to local boards which provide these services to the citizens of the Municipality.

Social and Family Services

Social and family services are comprised of general assistance, childcare and assistance to the aged. The Municipality contributes to local boards which provide these services to the citizens of the Municipality.

Social Housing

The Municipality contributes to a local board, which provides social housing if the citizens of the Corporation of the Township of Dawson require the service.

Recreation and Cultural Services

This service area consists of various small recreation programs. Also, the Municipality contributes to the library board of another Municipality in order to ensure a library is available to the citizens of the Municipality.

Planning and Development

This service relates to zoning issues as well as planning of various municipal maintenance projects.

December 31, 2024

21. Segmented Information (continued)

For the year ended December 31		General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Social Housing	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2024 Total
Revenue											
Taxation	\$	68,595 \$	70,692	\$ 372,443	\$ 30,813	\$ 58,754	\$ 37,683	\$ 32,650	\$ 13,726	\$ 971	\$ 686,327
Fees and user											
charges		-	10	337	2,080	700	-	-	.	9,994	13,121
Conditional grants			77,981	417,606					1,644	19,263	516,494
Unconditional grants		47,214	48,657	256,353	21,208	40,441	25,937	22,473	9,448	669	472,400
Municipal grants		-	-	29,925	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,925
Commuted										22.000	
payments		44 707	4 024	20.207	2.050	- 740	-	-	-	33,089	33,089
Other	_	41,707	4,834	38,286	2,950	6,719	-	-	-	-	94,496
	_	157,516	202,174	1,114,950	57,051	106,614	63,620	55,123	24,818	63,986	1,845,852
Expenses											
Wages and benefits		79,305	14,125	264,351	30,243	1,667	-	-	5,322	-	395,013
Materials		9,455	41,403	205,271	-	6,814	-	-	999	-	263,942
Contracted services		20,775	94,321	4,255	-	1,059	-	-	6,681	177,508	304,599
Rent and financial		25,013	8,660	20,391	80,382	2,010	-	-	7,847	-	144,303
External transfers		•		-	· -	130,417	13,167	89,718	-	2,793	236,095
Amortization		1,655	19,152	245,276	3,898	1,989	-	-	2,421	-	274,391
Long-term interest	_	<u> </u>	-	-		<u>-</u>	-	-		9,494	9,494
	_	136,203	177,661	739,544	114,523	143,956	13,167	89,718	23,270	189,795	1,627,837
Net surplus (deficit)	\$	21,313 \$	24,513	\$ 375,406	\$ (57,472)	\$ (37,342)	\$ 50,453	\$ (34,595)	\$ 1,548	\$ (125,809)	\$ 218,015

December 31, 2024

21. Segmented Information (continued)

For the year ended December 31		General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Social Housing	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2023 Total
Revenue											
Taxation	\$	65,764 \$	67,774	\$ 357,073	\$ 29,541	\$ 56,330	\$ 36,128	\$ 31,303	\$ 13,160	\$ 931	\$ 658,004
Fees and user											
charges		-	20	-	1,325	6,382	-	-	-	8,629	16,356
Conditional grants			10,021	58,808	-		.		1,644	39,494	109,967
Unconditional grants		48,053	49,522	260,911	21,586	41,160	26,399	22,873	9,616	680	480,800
Municipal grants		-	-	36,346	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,346
Commuted											
payments							-	-	-	120,912	120,912
Other		32,432	5,941	36,529	2,906	1,443	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	79,251
		146,249	133,278	749,667	55,358	105,315	62,527	54,176	24,420	170,646	1,501,636
Expenses											
Wages and benefits		89,004	12,639	250,801	28,994	1,653	-	-	5,459	-	388,550
Materials		11,680	34,197	104,191		5,549	-	-	382	-	155,999
Contracted services		20,511	97,988	21,256	-	1,335	-	-	6,681	205,817	353,588
Rent and financial		14,979	8,898	16,849	78,880	1,867	-	-	6,225	-	127,698
External transfers		,	-	-	-	124,499	9,316	79,582	-	2,793	216,190
Amortization		1,579	17,910	231,053	3,898	1,990	· -	· -	2,421	· -	258,851
Long-term interest	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-	<u> </u>	7,280	7,280
		137,753	171,632	624,150	111,772	136,893	9,316	79,582	21,168	215,890	1,508,156
Net surplus (deficit)	\$	8,496 \$	(38,354)	\$ 125,517	\$ (56,414)	\$ (31,578)	\$ 53,211	\$ (25,406)	\$ 3,252	\$ (45,244)	\$ (6,520)

For each reported segment, revenues and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Taxation, payments-in-lieu of taxes, certain government grants and other revenue have been apportioned based on a percentage of budgeted expenditures.

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Funds

Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2024

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To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Township of Dawson:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Funds (the Entity), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2024, and the Statement of Continuity for the year then ended, and Notes to Financial Statements, including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2024, and the continuity thereof, in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Basis of Accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared to assist the Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Funds to comply with the reporting requirements of the Bereavement Authority of Ontario. As a result, the financial statements might no the suitable for another purpose.

Other Matter

The financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion] on those statements on April 18, 2024 for the reasons described in the Basis for Opinion paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

MNP LLP

607 Portage Avenue, Fort Frances ON, P9A 0A7

T: 807-274-9848 F: 807-274-5142



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Fort Frances, Ontario

April 1, 2025 Licensed Public Accountants



Chartered Professional Accountants

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Fund - Cemetery Perpetual Care Balance Sheet

December 31	2024	2023
Assets Cash	\$ 31,150 \$	30,080
Liabilities		·
Balance - capital	\$ 31,150 \$	30,080

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Fund - Cemetery Perpetual Care Statement of Continuity

December 31	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 30,080	\$ 29,010
Revenue Care and maintenance fee Interest earned	1,070 1,455	1,070 1,189
	2,525	2,259
Expenditure Administration fees	1,455	1,189
Balance, end of year	\$ 31,150	\$ 30,080

 •	
	_ Mayor
	Clerk-Treasurer

Approved by:

The Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Fund - Cemetery Perpetual Care Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Management's Responsibility

The financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Dawson Trust Fund are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with accrual based accounting principles. Precise determination of some assets and liabilities may be dependent upon future events and estimates and approximations. These estimates and approximations have been based upon the available information, using careful judgement and review.

Accrual Basis of Accounting

Sources of financing and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

2. Nature of Trust Fund

The Cemetery Perpetual Care Trust Fund was established in accordance with the Cemeteries Act for the care and maintenance of certain cemetery grounds.

3. Statement of Changes in Cash Flows

A statement of changes in cash flows has not been provided since the sources and uses of cash are readily apparent from the information included in the financial statements.